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From THURSDAY, October 26, to THURSDAY, November 2, 1775.

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ADDRESSES from a few worthless Tools to the infamous Thomas Gage, on his Departure for England; together with his Answers thereto.

An ADDRESS of the gentlemen and principal inhabitants of the town of Boston, to his excellency governor Gage.

*May it please your excellency,*

THE gentlemen and principal inhabitants of Boston beg leave dutifully to address your excellency on your departure for Great-Britain.

We can very sincerely assure, Sir, that we have ever considered your appointment to the chief command of this province, as a distinguishing mark of his majesty's paternal disposition towards us; and that the full effect of so wise and benevolent a designation, we most earnestly hoped, in those undisturbed operations of law and settled government, which are so essential to real liberty.

Your attention to the true interest of this unhappy town was, in our opinion, very early manifested, and your compassionate desire, that some steps might be taken that should put it in your power to rescue us from impending ruin in our trade and navigation, we shall with gratitude forever remember.

We cannot forbear to express our sentiments, that could a restoration to quiet and good order, have been effected in this province, by the influence of personal character, a gentleman of your excellency's established reputation for candour, and justice, for moderation, and an obliging disposition, invested at the same time, with the supreme military authority, could not have failed to have procured it.

Unhappily for this country! the general sentiments were too strong, and too far heightened for the efficacy of your humane exertions. It must however be evident, we think, to all the world, that to allay the ferment in this province without the effusion of human blood, has been your excellency's first object; and the pursuit will be your fame.

We have imagined, Sir, with great pleasure, your truly laudable intention, and most noble ambition, of being viewed as the happy instrument in the appeasing all animosities; and in the reviving that mutual affection as well as sense of united interest, which was once the strength, and glory of Great-Britain and her colonies.

We need not with your excellency a higher enjoyment, than what must arise from your own reflections on your constant sincere endeavours for the safety and happiness of the people under your government; and from that countenance of approbation, which we anticipate for you in the king's

John Erving, William Brattle, Isaac Winslow, Thomas Hutchinson, John Tromthorke, Benfield Lyde, Silvester Gardner, Stephen Greenleaf, Richard Clarke, William Bowes, William Walter, Benjamin Faneuil, jun. John Timmins, James Perkins, Thomas Amory, Nathaniel Coffin, Phillip Dumaresq, George Brindley, John Wirtlow, jun. Ralph Inman, Alexander Brymer, Henry Lloyd, Edward Winslow, Joshua Loring, jun. Robert Hallowell, William Lee Perkins, Benjamin M. Holmes, Robert Jarvis, George Leonard, William Jackson, David Phips, Thomas Brinley, Richard Green, John Taylor, Lewis Deblois, Nathaniel Taylor, Daniel Hubbard, James Murray, Archibald McNeal, Samuel Fitch, Joseph Scott, Francis Green, John Atkinson, Peter Johonnett, Benjamin Davis, Joseph Turill, Nathaniel Cary, John Simpson, Samuel Hirst Scothouse, Martin Gay, William Taylor, Ebenezer Bridgham, Samuel Hughes, John Inman, William Codner, William Coffin, jun. William Perry, Jonathan Spelling, Adino Paddock, John Gore, Benjamin Gridley, Andrew Cazneau, Isaac Winslow, jun. Gilbert Deblois, Henry Liddel, Thomas Courtney, Edward Hutchinson, Theophilus Lillie, John Lovel, Miles Whitworth, Henry Barnes, Hugh Tarbet, Daniel McMaster, M. B. Goldthwait, Nathaniel Perkins, John Hunt, sen. Lewis Gray, John Powel, James Lloyd, Nathaniel Brinley, James Selkrig, William McAlpine, John Jeffries, jun. William Cazneau, Archibald Cunningham, John Greenleaf, William Dickson, David Black, John Barnes, Wm. Hunter, John Semple, Robert Semple, Henry Loughton, John Joy, Gregory Townsend, Archibald Bowman, James Anderson, Jonathan Simpson. (In all, 98.)

*Boston, October 6, 1775.*

*To the Gentlemen, and principal Inhabitants of the Town of Boston.*

*Gentlemen,*

I Sincerely lament the miseries brought upon this once happy country, through the deep designs, and dark contrivances of ambitious men, to raise themselves from obscurity to power and emoluments. Nor can I reflect without pain, upon the infatuation of the soul-ruin who enjoyed perfect liberty, who felt no oppression; but deceived, and betrayed, have flown to arms to avert evils that only exist in imagination; and in lieu of liberty, have made to effect a tyranny upon the ruins of the most free, happy, and lenient government.

I thank you, Gentlemen, for your Address, and depart the province in the firm hope that the people will recover from their delusion, and discover before it is too late, that the government they want to subvert is the surest guardian of their lives, property and freedom.

THO. GAGE.

The Address of his Majesty's Council.

*To his Excellency General Gage, Commander in chief of his Majesty's forces in America, Captain General and Governor in and over his Majesty's province of the Massachusetts Bay, &c. &c.*

*May it please your excellency,*

WE his Majesty's council of the Massachusetts Bay having been honoured with your excellency's message, informing us of his Majesty's orders "That you should repair to England, to lay before him the state of affairs in this colony," beg leave to assure your excellency, that from a sense of the many virtues, which distinguish and adorn your character, we feel the most sincere regret at the necessary occasions which call you from us.

The critical situation of affairs in America, during your administration in the province, has afforded an opportunity for the severest trial of those virtues: and we should betray a great degree of insensibility, or be wanting in common justice to your character, were we to suffer them to pass unnoticed.

We reflect with gratitude, upon that care and attention, by which we have been secured from many of the calamities and miseries, with which we have been threatened. (2)

Your concern for the evils we have unavoidably suffered has exceedingly endeared your excellency to us.—And we shall ever entertain a profound respect for the prudence, benevolence and candour, which have been so conspicuous in your civil department; as well as the great steadiness, vigilance, and humanity, which have marked your military character.

We have seen with pleasure the many efforts you have made to avert this unhappy rebellion. (2) We lament that the success has not been equal to your endeavours. But, the undisturbed constancy and firmness, with which you have pursued this principle, opposed to every abuse, which wickedness, delusion, or enthusiasm could devise, has been as much the object of admiration to the loyal as the subject of disappointment to the disaffected people of this province.

The difficulties you have had to encounter during your administration, are known but to a few. Your patience and secrecy have kept them from the public eye. To lay them open to the world, would be a subject offensive to your delicacy; as well as too large, to come within the compass of our address.

We flatter ourselves, that our loyalty to the best of kings, will recommend us to the care and protection of your excellency's successor in command; whose characters in their important stations, promise every encouragement we can wish. And we hope your excellency will be pleased to recommend us to our gracious sovereign. To assure him we are unalienably attached to his sacred person and government: That hoping for his approbation, and relying on the benignity of his royal mind, we support ourselves with all possible patience, under the difficulties we are obliged to encounter.

We wish your excellency a safe arrival at the court of Great-Britain: where, we doubt not you will meet the gracious approbation of our royal master.

*His Excellency's Answer to the Gentlemen of the Council.*

*Gentlemen of the Council,*

WHILE I thank you for your kind address on my departure from the province, you will permit me to testify the sense I have of your unshaken loyalty to the king and zeal for his government.

You have stood forth in support of both at a time when an unnatural and unprovoked rebellion has been wantonly raised to subvert our glorious constitution, and have despised the menaces of open and concealed attempts upon your Lives: Nor has the seizure of your properties by the lawless hands of rebels deterred you from a steadfast pursuit of that duty which every Briton owes to his king and country. see index, LOYALTY.

Such a conduct cannot fail to recommend you highly to our most gracious sovereign; and you may be assured that it will afford me the greatest pleasure to acquaint his majesty of your unalterable attachment to his person and government.

THO. GAGE.

*Boston, October 6, 1775.*

*The ADDRESS of the gentlemen who were driven from their habitations in the country, to the town of Boston.* see Freeholders Address, pa. 679

*To his excellency THOMAS GAGE, Esq; captain-general and commander in chief, in and over his majesty's province of Massachusetts-Bay, in New-England, &c.*

*May it please your excellency,*

WHEN we reflect on the surprizing effects of that enthusiasm and infatuation which are so generally prevalent in this country, and the variety of dangers to which the loyal and obedient have been exposed, we feel the most grateful sensations towards your excellency, and are anxious to acknowledge our obligations to your wisdom and prudence, we consider ourselves indebted for protection from the lawless fury and unbridled violence of our countrymen; and had not events taken place beyond what human wisdom could foresee, and contrary to any calculations, upon rational principles, we might in all probability have been further indebted to your excellency for a reconciliation of the unhappy differences that subsist, and a restoration to harmony, happiness and peace. (1)

It is with regret we think of your Excellency's departure from this province, but are relieved in some degree by a consideration of the very important services which you will render this country, by a just representation of it's present state at the court of Great-Britain—by the confidence we repose in the abilities of your successors to the civil and military commands—the hopes of your speedy return—and the anticipation of an establishment of the rightful supremacy of parliament over this part of his Majesty's dominions. (6)

Justly meriting and possessed of the esteem and applause of the virtuous and good—happy in the pleasing reflections of an approving conscience, and blessed with the gracious plaudit of the best of Kings, your opportunities will be equal to the inclination you have ever discovered to restore and settle on the most lasting basis, that union of the interests of Great-Britain and the colonies so indispensably necessary to the happiness of both.

We sincerely lament, that the number of those who have dared to stem the torrent of rebellion and sedition in this province, is so small; but we trust that the cordial thanks even of a few (who have fled from oppression, who have sacrificed their properties, and every domestic enjoyment, and are now ready to risque their lives to manifest their loyalty to the best of Sovereigns) will not be unacceptable to your Excellency.

Be pleased, Sir, to accept the ardent wishes of these few faithful and grateful subjects.—That your voyage may be prosperous and agreeable, and that your unwearied endeavours for the public service, may be crowned with success.

Richard Saltonstall, John Bowes, Daniel Oliver, Thomas Dan-

Thomas Green (5) see Tories Sufferings, pa. 679, & index, under Resolves. 827 (4) Houses destroyed by him, Gotham, see List of rights, or constitution, pa. 1089, 1228, Pulse of Grievances, pa. 971.

(1) see index, under Gage & see index, under Town of Boston & see index under Town Council, Assembly, Congress, Convention, Provincial, Meeting of the Country, Resolves & Army of the United Colonies &c. (1) see Battle at Concord, pa. 729, &c. (2) see list of Governors, pa. 971. (2) see index, under Army British & Howe

(3) see indexes, under Army British & Howe (6) see declaratory Act pa. 522. X Mandamus Councellors, see pa. 549, 554.

Worth, Edward Winslow, jun. John Sargent, Ward Chipman, David Phips, Thomas Jeffelyn, Charles Curtis, Ebenezer Cushman, Thomas Foster, ten. James Putnam, John Ruggles, James Craigie, Samuel Paine, Elisha Ford, Daniel Dunbar, Lemuel Goddard, Seth Williams, jun. Zebedee Terry, William Simmons, Luke Hill, Nathaniel Thomas, Ebenezar Whipple, Adam Walker, Abijah White, Sylvanus White, Benjamin Stockbridge, William Tyng, Peter Oliver, ten. Caleb Wheaton, Ebenezer Spooner, John Emerson, William Cowpir, John Tilden, Stephen Tilden, Joseph Tilden, Joseph Hall, James Budd, Adam Hall, Joseph Phillips, Samuel Goldsbury, William Campbell, Stephen Jones, John Chandler, Nathaniel Chandler, William Chandler, Ebenezer Cutler, James Putnam, jun. Pelham Winslow, Daniel Thomas, Levi Ford, Joseph Ashley, Benjamin Grinnel, Peter Etter, Peter Etter, jun. Franklyn Etter, Daniel Etter, Joseph House, Samuel Gilbert, John Walker, Nathaniel Dickenson, Jonathan Stearns, Jonathan Sowl, Edward G. Lytwyche, Elisha Jones, Henry Barnes, Nathaniel Philips, F. B. Winthrop, Thomas Achinloft, Jonathan Dix, Benjamin Hart, John Cochran, Peter Oliver, jun. Archibald Athinloft.

*Boston, 7th October, 1775.*

*To the Gentlemen that were drove from their habitations in the Country, to the Town of Boston.*

*Gentlemen,*

YOUR *kind Address at this time gives me much pleasure, as it affords me an opportunity, before my departure from the Province, to acknowledge unfeigned steadyness you have shown to the true interests of your King and country in the worst of times; and the sacrifices you have made in support of both, are great.*

*It will be my duty to represent to our gracious Sovereign the distinguishing proofs you have given of your loyalty and patriotism; and you may be assured that during my absence, my successors in the civil and military command, will afford you every favour and protection.*

THO. GAGE.

## LONDON,

*August* 3. The public may be assured, that by orders from *above*, a frigate of twenty eight guns is fitting up at Woolwich, for sea, with all practicable speed, the officers cabins are upon the quarter deck, or in the gun-room, the great, or Captain's cabin is lined with crimson baize; she is otherwise prepared and decorated with every thing commodious and proper for her intended destination, which is *Virginia*, where she is to accommodate the governor, Lord Dunmore, and *enable* him to receive deputations from the Council and Burgesses of that province, when assembled, with greater conveniency; she may also serve to receive delegations from the Caghnawaga Indians, to induce them to take up the hatchet, and boil the war-kettle.—Lady Dunmore is just arrived in England, or it might have *enabled* her Ladyship, with equal propriety, and perhaps, with equal success, to have given balls on board to the Planters Ladies upon the intervening days!—What a deep business! What secrecy! What dispatch is necessary! Who can wonder at the many councils which have been lately held!

*August* 7. It is remarkable that a certain clothing order was at the instance of a Jacobite M——y given to a Jacobite contractor; the uniforms are made by a Jacobite taylor, to cloath a parcel of Irish and Canadian Jacobites, in order to serve against Protestant British subjects in America, or elsewhere, agreeable to occasion.

Lord Cahier has offered administration to raise 3000 Irish Roman Catholics, to support their plan against the Americans. Transports are gone to take them over to General Carleton at Quebec. The Papist nobility in Ireland have also offered to raise 2000 Roman Catholics.

A bill will be brought into the House to enable the Roman Catholics to bear arms, to defend Ireland during the absence of our troops.

*August* 15. The public may be assured that Lieut. Gould has confirmed his affidavit concerning the action at Concord at the war office; Lord Barrington can bear witness to the truth of this information.

A correspondent informs us, that being last week at Deptford, he could not avoid remarking two tier of vessels of the King's moorings, almost opposite the Red House:—One consisted of six or seven transports, loading with grape shot, howitzers, hand grenadoes, bomb shells, carcases, and other instruments of death, destined for the destruction of our brethren the Colonists: In the adjoining tiers were several corn vessels, deep laden, just anchored from America, to the relief of the Mother-country; a few more, which are the last, are daily expected: And it is worthy the observation of every Englishman that, for above six months past, consignments have been made into many of our ports towards discharging the debt remaining due from the Provincials, notwithstanding the devastations lately committed amongst them.

It is highly probable that the temptation of succeeding to the supposed forfeited estates and effects of the American insurgents, was the principal motive which promoted that prodigious display of Irish Roman Catholic loyalty in offering to assist the M——y with 5000 of their persuasion to reduce the Protestant colonists to obedience: they perhaps imagining the very sound of an Irish musket would do the business.

*Whitehall, July* 18. Lieut. Gen. Gage, in his letters to the Earl of Dartmouth, dated June 12, gives an account, that the town of Boston continued to be surrounded by a large body of rebel provincials, and that all communication with the country was cut off; that the rebels had been burning houses, and driving sheep off an island that has easy communication with the main land, which drew on a skirmish with some marines, who drove the rebels away; but that an armed schooner, that had been sent between the island and main land, having got on shore at high water, there was no possibility of saving her, for, as the tide fell, she was left quite dry, and burned by the rebels. Two men were killed and a few wounded.

DUBLIN, July 19 *Monday last being Quarterday, the SOC[illegible] CITIZENS dined at the King's [illegible] Mr. JAMES NAPPER [illegible] on the following loyal and c[illegible] rank, viz.——The constitu[illegible] fate to him that violates it.—[illegible]—May his Majesty soon r[illegible]th, and his only support be [illegible]s.—The Prince of Wales, &c. and may he always prefer the WHIG to the Tory Interest.—Prosperity to Ireland, and may it never submit to be TAXED by a British parliament.*—Our fellow subjects in America now suffering persecution for attempting to assert their rights and liberties.——*The CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, unanimity to their councils, and success to their [illegible]s.—The EARL OF EFFINGHAM, who nobly resigned his commission sooner than embrue his hands in the blood of his countrymen.—The NINETEENTH OF APRIL, 1775. and the memory of the BRAVE AMERICANS, who fell in defending the liberties of their country.—Disgrace to the ministry, and perpetual defeats to the mercenaries that would endeavour to enslave their fellow subjects.—The two Protestant Bishops, Exeter and St. Asaph; Lud's fate to every Bishop that voted for the establishment of Popery in Quebec, and speedy downfal to the present Jacobite administration.—Speedy disgrace and condign punishment to the man who advised his Majesty to refuse receiving the petition of the city of London on the throne.—May those whose forefathers expelled a tyrant from the throne, and placed the present family on it, never be debarred access to it.—May allegiance and protection go hand in hand, and may the former cease when the latter is denied us.—May the next bench of English Bishops be as well attached to the Protestant, as the present seems to be to the Popish religion.—General PUTNAM, and his BRAVE PROVINCIALS.—Governor TRUMBULL.—May the military ever be subservient to the civil power.—May those mercenaries who are paid by the people to defend their rights never be employed to enslave them.—The thirtieth of January sixteen hundred and forty eight, and the memory of OLIVER CROMWELL.—The memory of JOHN HAMPDEN, who, at the expence of life and fortune, opposed the tyranny of a King, and the unconstitutional demands of a corrupt ministry.—May corruption cease to be the measures of administration.—May we hand down to our children, pure and untainted, the liberty we have derived from our ancestors.—All those who would rather die gloriously fighting for the constitution of their country than live the slaves of tyranny and despotism.—May the gates of Temple-bar be decorated with the heads of those who advised the employing a military force to enslave our fellow subjects in America.—May perpetual union, social liberty, and universal justice, prevail and render happy the whole British empire.*

TAKEN from Mr. Bradish's Tavern in Cambridge, on the 21st of April last, a hunting SADDLE, almost new, without any Housing or Cloth, outside Skirts the deepest. Whoever has got said Saddle, and will give Information to Samuel Sturtevant in Worcester, or to Isaac Sturtevant at Roxbury, shall be handsomely rewarded by me. SAMUEL STURTEVANT.

*To the Hon. the Council and House of Representatives.*

WHEREAS the Committee of Inspection for the Town of Londonderry, have seized a considerable Quantity of wearing Apparel, Household Furniture, and other Articles, that were taken away on the Day of Battle at Charlestown, and have sent them to Watertown, and delivered them into the Hands of Mr. *Richard Devens*: And whereas it is probable that wearing Apparel, Household Furniture, and other Goods, were taken from Charlestown and other Places at the Time aforesaid, and may be in divers Towns in this Colony, and the neighbouring Colonies and Provinces: It is therefore RESOLVED, That the Committee of Correspondence and Committees of Inspection in each Town in this Colony, and in each Town in the neighbouring Colonies and Provinces, and where no such Committees are, the Selectmen of each Town be ordered to make Inquiry and search for any Apparel or Goods of any Sort brought amongst them belonging to the Inhabitants of Boston or Charlestown, or any other Towns, at or after the Time aforesaid, and that they be desired to send such Goods as may be in any Time to Time come to their Hands to Mr. *Devens*, Mr. *Watson*, and Capt. *Brown*, at Watertown, a Committee of this Court appointed to receive said Goods and to pay the Charges of collecting and bringing the same, which Committee is directed to deliver those Goods to such Persons as shall make out to their Satisfaction their respective Property therein, they paying a proportionate Part of the Charge of collecting and bringing the same to Watertown. Any Thing in a Resolve of this Court passed the third Instant to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sent up for Concurrence,

JAMES WARREN, Speaker.

In Council, October 28, 1775. Read and Concurred.

PEREZ MORTON, Dep. Sec'ry.

*Concord, Oct. 30, 1775.*

WHEREAS a considerable Number of Copies of the following Books, viz.—Burlemaqui on the Principles of natural and political law, 2 Vols. 8vo. Gravesande's Elements of natural Philosophy, 2 Vols. and Ferguson's Astronomy, 1 Vol. 8vo.—are at present much wanted for the Use of the Students of Harvard-College, by the Favour of Providence now collected at Concord; the procuring said Books having been rendered peculiarly difficult by the unhappy Interruption of Communication with Boston: And it having been suggested that some Copies of said Books might be dispersed in the Libraries of such private Gentlemen, as having no immediate Use for them, are willing to promote the Interest of Literature in said Society, were it be disposed, for that Purpose, to part with them.

This is therefore to desire such Gentlemen to send any such Copies, as soon as may be, to the Subscriber hereof, at Concord, with the Prices marked; and they may depend on receiving their Money immediately, or that the Books will be returned unsold. Or if it should be inconvenient to send the Books, they are requested to inform by Letter either the Subscriber, or the Printers, Mr. Edes, of Watertown, or Messrs. Halls, of Cambridge, what any of said Books may be had.

S. LANGDON.

N. B. Any Gentlemen possessed of any of said Copies, and are disposed to part with them as above, would much oblige the College by the Loan of them, for a few Months.

To be SOLD,

A small Consignment of exceeding good TOBACCO, and SNUFF manufactured at New-York, from good old Virginia Tobacco. Inquire of MOSES ROACH, near the Slitting Mills, Milton.

RAN away from David Fitch, an apprentice Boy, named Jonas Wells, 19 Years old, of a middling Stature, light Complection, had on a light colour'd Jacket and leather Breeches, carried off with him a red great Coat, and deep blue Surtout, and a brown coat Many 7 Years old. Whoever will secure said Runaway and convey him to me the Subscriber, shall have Two Dollars Reward and necessary Charges paid by me,

*Bradford, Mass. Bay, October 26, 1775.* DAVID FITCH.

WE the Subscribers, Committees of Correspondence and Committees of Inspection, in the East and West Precincts in Pownalborough; hereby testify, that Mr. Abiel Wood, being an Inhabitant amongst us, we are acquainted with his Conduct in general, and some of us have had Occasion particularly to inquire into it, and really believe him to be a Friend to his Country and American Liberty; notwithstanding a late Publication to the contrary, in Mr. Eden's Paper, by a Part of the former Committee of Inspection for the East Precinct in said Town. We further say, this appears to be the Mind of the Town, in Regard to Mr. Wood. For at a Meeting duly warned; they took the Conduct of said former Committee relative to Mr. Wood into Consideration; disapproved of it, and unanimously dismissed them.

*Committee of Correspondence.* Michael Seys, John Decker, jun. Richard Kidder, Edmund Bridge.

*Committee of Inspection in the East Precinct.* Moses Carlton, John Groves, Jeremiah Dalton, Ab'ah Dickinson, John Boynton, Jonathan Spofford, Abraham Nason.

*Committee of Inspection in the West Precinct.* Samuel Goodwin, jun. Stephen Brown, Richard Kidder, Francis Ritter, Samuel Emerson, Edmund Bridge. *Pownalborough, Oct. 3, 1775.*

CAMBRIDGE, October 31, 1775.

*LIST of LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE.*

(A) Thomas Armor.

(B) Seth Bridcock, Roxbury, John Bolt, Nicholas Byrne, Wm. Bennet, Tho. Boutlton, Esq; Boston, Mrjor John Boyard, Henry Brownfield, Esq; Boston.

(C) Isaac Chamberlin, Marcus Coit, Roxbury, Thr. Cummings, Brookline, Sam. Cenant, Charlestown, Daniel Cudby, John Clark, Benjamin Church, Capt. Edward Crafts.

(D) Sam. Dexter, 3. Wm. Douglas, Edward Davis, Esq; Boston, Capt. Michael Dowell, James Delaney, Brookline.

(E) Mr. Easterbrooks.

(F) Wm. Fowle.

(G) Messrs Gill, Esqrs. Watertown, Elbridge Gerry, Esq; do. Alexander Gray, do. Benj. Gale, Roxbury, Samuel Griffin, Esq;

(10) See indexes, under Towns, Counties, Assemblys, Representatives, Congress Continental, & Provincial, resolves, petitions, rising of the Country, & Army of the United Colonies, &c. (11) see our rights, pa. 1089, 1228 (12) see index, under Congress Continental (13) see index, under resolves (14) see pa. 764 & see pa. 728, &c (15) He was beheaded. (16) see Quebec Act, pa. 559. (17) See their Characters, Crisis, pa. 740, &c. (18) see pa. 800. (19) see the petition, pa. 802. (20) see pa. 730. (21) The essential rights are, viz magna Charta, pa. 790, 1050, petition of rights, pa. 816: Bill of rights, pa. 1053, Vol. 2. (22) when Cha. I was beheaded (a) see pa. 754, &c. (b) pa. 802. (c) pa. 810. (d) see the first Committee,

(5) see indexes, under Troops, British, & under Fire & engagements. (6) Majesty (7) see indexes, under Army of the united, &c. (8) see index, under Town Boston. (9) see pa. 742.

(1) See account of the suffering of the Town, pa. 679 & index, very close. (2) See index, under British Honour pa. 829 & a line on Gen. Dunmore, see index, under Virginia, Transactions there, &c. (2) Ministry & see list of grievances, pa. 971. (3) see pa. 744 (4) See pa. 723, &c.

WILLIAMSBURG, (Virginia,) October 7.

Saturday, between two and three o'clock afternoon, an officer with twelve or thirteen soldiers, and a few sailors, landed at the county wharf in Norfolk under cover of the natural way, [who made every appearance of firing upon the town, should the party be insulted] and marched up the main street to Mr. Holt's Printing-Office, from whence, without the smallest opposition or resistance (although there were some hundred spectators) they deliberately carried off the types, and sundry other printing implements, with two of the workmen, and after getting to the water side with their booty, gave three huzzas, in which they were joined by a number of negroes. A few spirited gentlemen in Norfolk, justly sensible as to how great a breach of good order and the constitution, and highly resenting the conduct of *Lord Dunmore* and the *Navy Corps*, who have now commenced downright *pirates and banditti*) soon collected themselves together, but were joined by few or none; so that it appears Norfolk is at present a very insecure place for the life or property of any individual, and is consequently deserted daily, by numbers of the inhabitants, with their effects.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.

*Extract of a Letter from Ticonderoga, dated October 5.* (8)

"Our last accounts from St. John's, inform us, that Col. Allen, with about 300 of our Men and 40 Canadians, made an attempt to take possession of Montreal, but that Governor Carlton (at a half Guinea each man) had prevailed on a number of the inhabitants, and some few regulars, who beat off our party, took Col. Allen prisoner, with some others; and as many killed and wounded.—The party that came out of Montreal were more worsted than our men, and had many killed; amongst which it is supposed were several principal inhabitants of the city." (9)

"The expedition was a thing of Col. Allen's own head, without orders from the General; and from whom (as well as others) it was expected he would have received a reprimand.—But Allen is a high flying genius, pursues every scheme in its first impression, without consideration, and under this impulse, it was with the utmost difficulty, and through the greatest entreaty, that Gen. Schuyler permitted him to go with the party, knowing his natural disposition; and indeed his fears have proved not groundless; and tho' trifling our loss, and the detachment, yet it gives a check to our progress.

"General Montgomery writes, they have got a battery of two twelve pounders and two mortars open on our enemy; our shells are thrown into the fort; they, on their part, do little damage to us. I think but two men have been killed, one by a cannon ball, and the other by a shell."

We hear 30 of the Ministerial troops at St. John's had deserted from that fort and joined General Montgomery, who commands the Continental troops, and they report that as many more will desert as soon as opportunity offers.

Last Sunday died of an apoplectic Stroke, in the 53d Year of his Age, the Honorable PEYTON RANDOLPH, Esq; of Virginia, late President of the Continental Congress, and Speaker of the House of Burgesses of Virginia.

NEW-YORK, October 26.

Last Friday Night, John Bates, arrived here in a small schooner, from South-Carolina, and acquaints us, That the Wednesday before he saw a Ship lying there on her Beam Ends at Brigantine Island, about half a Mile to the Southward of Little Egg Harbour, with her Head on Shore; that the same Evening, a Boat came out of Cranberry Inlet, with some People in her; three of whom appeared like Gentlemen, and told they had been a Gunning, but their Ammunition being out, they would be glad of a passage to New-York; Capt. Bates took them on board, but soon after the Wind came Ahead, he was obliged to put about and take Shelter in Cranberry Inlet, where the next Morning his Company was taken from him by Capt. Lovermen and a Party of his Men from Egg-Harbour, who informed Mr. Bates he had taken all the Rest of the Crew, but that the Ship they belonged to was a Transport, and that he [illegible] the Captain's Name was Lumsden.

We have since heard the Ship above mentioned was from Boston, was cast away Yesterday Week, bound here, had 23 Women on board, one of which is come to this Town; that the Crew are lost, but the Ship gone to Pieces.

*A Philadelphia Paper, of Oct 23, contains the following Account.*

Last Monday morning, before day, a transport ship, Captain Hilliard, was stranded on Brigantine Beach, on the coast of New-Jersey. She had on board Capt. Duncan Campbell, Lieut. Sims, two Sergeants, and twenty-one Privates, bound from Boston, as they say, for New-York, as a recruiting party. (1) The Captain and Lieutenant got off the beach on Tuesday in a small boat, and are supposed to have gone towards Amboy, but 'tis expected they will be taken. Capt. Hastings, with three of the soldiers, were brought to this City Saturday evening under a guard. The rest of the soldiers will be secured. Before they quitted the vessel they threw overboard several pieces of cannon belonging to the vessel, 60 muskets and an half barrels of powder. The vessel left Boston the 5th of October, in company with a 20 gun ship and one transport with some troops bound for Halifax. No other fleet of war or vessels sailed.

*Extract of a Letter from the Captain of a Vessel in Cape-Nicholas-Mole, dated 27th ultimo.*

"Four Thousand Troops arrived at Cape-Francois, the 21st instant, from France, and 3000 more hourly expected at Port au Prince. The French are repairing all their Fortresses throughout this Island; and Five to One laid, that there is a War with Great-Britain before March next."

WILLIAM GODDARD, Esq; is appointed Surveyor to the General Post Office of the United Colonies in North-America; a similar Place to the one lately held by the Hon. Hugh Finley, Esq; of Quebec, under Ministerial and Parliamentary Authority.

HARTFORD, October 30.

Last Friday were conducted to this Place, 18 Prisoners of the 26th Regiment of Ministerial Troops, taken by a Party from the American Army near St. John's.

His Honor Governor Trumbull has issued a Proclamation (agreeable to a Resolve of the General Assembly) continuing the Embargo on Provisions, to the first Day of June next.

NEWPORT, October 30.

Last Wednesday arrived here his Majesty's Viper sloop of war, from New-York, having taken 2 brigs, loaded with salt, and a large sloop, loaded with rum and sugar, from Antigua; all belonging to New-York. One of the brigs, Capt. Liburd, arrived here a few hours after the Viper. (2) The sloop had a Midshipman, and 7 hands put on board; one of whom, belonging to Bristol in this colony, was to pilot her into this harbour; instead of which he carried her up near Howland's-ferry, where she was taken possession of by some of the troops stationed on this island, and the people made prisoners.—The other brig, abovementioned, arrived here yesterday.

CAMBRIDGE, November 2.

Last Evening we obtained Copies of three Proclamations, together with a Copy of an Association; all which, as so many Specimens of Tyranny and Treason, we here insert, viz:

A PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency the Hon. WILLIAM HOWE, Major-General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces within the Colonies laying on the Atlantic Ocean, *from Nova-Scotia to West-Florida* inclusive, &c. &c. &c.

WHEREAS several of the Inhabitants of this Town have lately absconded to join, it is apprehended, His Majesty's Enemies assembled in open Rebellion:

I DO, by Virtue of the Power and Authority in me vested by His Majesty, forbid any Person or Persons whatever, not belonging to the Navy, to pass from hence by Water or otherwise, from the Date hereof, without my Order or Permission given in Writing.

Any Person or Persons detected in the Attempt, or who may be retaken, upon sufficient Proof thereof, shall be liable to military Execution; and those who escape shall be treated as Traitors, by Seizure of their Goods and Effects.

All Masters of Transports or other Vessels sailing from hence, unless under the immediate Order of SAMUEL GRAVES, Esq; Vice Admiral of the White, &c. &c. &c. or Officer commanding His Majesty's Ships of War on this Service for the Time being, are hereby strictly forbidden to receive any Person or Persons on board without my Order or Permission in Writing. Any Master or others detected in disobeying this Proclamation shall be liable to such Fine and Imprisonment as may be adjudged.

*Given at Head Quarters in Boston, this Twenty-eighth Day of October, 1775.*

By his Excellency WILLIAM HOWE, &c.

WHEREAS there is Reason to believe, that many Persons leaving this Town by Permission have, contrary to Orders, conveyed away large Sums in Specie, to the great Inconvenience of this Garrison, and Detriment of his Majesty's Service in general:

I do hereby give Notice, that any Person, having Leave to depart from hence, by Water or otherwise, who shall be detected in an Attempt to carry away more than Five Pounds in Specie, as heretofore allowed, without first obtaining my particular Permission for so doing, shall forfeit the whole Sum discovered; and suffer such other Fine and Imprisonment as may be adjudged, according to the Degree of Offence.

And, for the more effectual Discovery of those who shall presume to act contrary to this Proclamation—I do hereby Order that one half of the Monies duly detected on Information, be given to the Informer.

*Given at Head Quarters in Boston, Oct. 28, 1775.*

By his Excellency WILLIAM HOWE, &c.

WHEREAS it is become the indispensable Duty of every loyal and faithful Citizen, to contribute all in his Power for the Preservation of Order and good Government within the Town of *Boston*:

I DO hereby recommend, that the Inhabitants do immediately associate themselves, to be formed into Companies under proper Officers, selected by me, from among the Associators, to be solely employed within the Precincts of the Town, and for the Purposes abovementioned.

THAT this Association be opened in the Council Chamber, under the Direction of the Honourable Peter Oliver, Foster Hutchinson and William Brown, Esquires, on Monday the thirtieth Day of October, 1775, and continued for four Days following, that no One may plead Ignorance of the same.

Out of the Number of Persons voluntarily entering into this Association, all such as are able to discharge the Duty required of them, shall be properly Armed, and an Allowance of Fuel and Provisions be made to those requiring the same, equal to what is issued to His Majesty's Troops within the Garrison.

*Given at Head Quarters in Boston, Oct. 28, 1775.*

An ASSOCIATION proposed to the LOYAL CITIZENS.

*AGREEABLE to the Proclamation issued by His Excellency the Honorable Major General WILLIAM HOWE, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, &c. &c. &c.*

WE His Majesty's loyal Subjects of the Town of *Boston*, being sensible of the Duty incumbent on us "to do every thing in our Power, to support Order and good Government, as well as to contribute our Aid to the internal Security of the Town;"—Now take this Opportunity to profess our firm Allegiance to His Majesty, and entire Obedience to His Government and Laws.

From a Disposition to continue quiet and obedient Subjects, we have generally neglected the Use of Arms; while those of different Characters and Sentiments, have been diligently endeavouring to improve themselves in that Art. Upon these Principles, we have remained so, or fled to this Town: Neither do we wish or design to leave it.

We consider it as our strongest Duty to contribute our Aid in promoting the Peace, Order and Security of the Town; and are willing to be employed, to these good Purposes, in the Ways and Means suited to our Capacities. To that end, we chearfully accept the Offers of his Excellency, and now voluntarily associate, for the Purposes mentioned in his Proclamation; hereby Promising, as that such of us as he shall think proper, or able to perform the Duties therein required, will be formed into Companies, as therein mentioned: And will, to the utmost of our Power, faithfully perform those Services, and punctually discharge the Trusts reposed in us. And, that such as are not able to go through those Duties, will freely contribute our Proportions, according to our Abilities, to raise a Sum of Money for promoting this salutary Purpose, to be applied to the Use of those, who are able, in such Manner as the General, or those he may appoint, may think proper.

The following is what Captain Mowett sent the People of Falmouth, soon after his Arrival before that Town. (3)

*Canceaux, Falmouth, October 18th, 1775.*

"AFTER so many premeditated attacks on the legal prerogatives of the best of Sovereigns, after the repeated instances you have experienced in Britain's long forbearance of the rod of correction, and the manifest and paternal extension of her hands to embrace you once again, have been regarded as vain and unpenetrating; and in place of a dutiful and grateful return to your King, and parent State, you have been guilty of the most unpardonable rebellion. Supported by the ambition of a sett of designing men, whose insidious views Love treatly imposed on the credulity of their fellow creatures; and at last have brought the whole into the same dilemma, of which leads us to feel, as a little, the woes of the treatment of them in particular, on the present occasion, from my having it in orders to execute a just punishment on the Town of Falmouth, in the name of which authority, I peremptorily warn you to remove without delay, the human species out of the said Town, for which purpose I give you the time of two hours, at the period of which, a red pendant will be hoisted at the main top gallant mast head, with a gun. But should your inveterate mind you to shew the least resistance, you will in that case from me of that humanity is strongly pointed out in my orders, as well as to my information. I do also observe, that all those who did on a former occasion fly to the King's Ship under my command, for protection, that the same door is now open to receive them.

*The officer who will deliver this letter, I expect to return immediately unmolested.* (4)

I am, &c. H. MOWETT.

In the Account of the Enemy's barbarous Proceedings at Bunker, we omitted to insert, that the Rev. Mr. John Burt, having been confined to his House by Sickness, when the Commanding Officer of that Place began he left his Habitation, to seek some Place of Safety, and the next Day was found dead in a neighbouring Field. It is conjectured that being overcome with Fear and Fatigue, he fell down and was unable to raise himself up, and so expired. A Child also of Capt. Timothy Ingraham, having been removed in the Rain, died the next Day.

Mr. Burt was born in Boston, and having received a liberal Education in Harvard-College, he was ordained Pastor of the Congregational Church in Bristol, where he laboured in the Work of the Ministry 34 Years. He was a Gentleman of a respectable Character. (3)

Within the Years 1771, 1772, and 1773, were exported from Philadelphia, 803 583 Barrels of Flour, 137,007 Barrels of Bread, 326,101 Bushels of Wheat, 598,283 Bushels of Corn, 17 495 Barrels of Pork and Beef, 6,127 Tons of Iron, 264 287 Bushels of Flax Seed, 143 947 Pounds of Beer Wax, 2,082 Kegs of Starch, 2,081,750 Pounds of Rice. The Number of Vessels were 1157 square-rigged, and 1151 Sloops and Schooners, measuring 140 467 Tons.

The above is a List only of the capital Articles of Export. The whole of the Exports within the Years abovementioned, to all Parts of the World, from the Port of Philadelphia only, amount to £3,924,121 8 Sterling.——From this Account of the Exports of Philadelphia, the Public may form a proper Conception of the *Insignificance* of the Trade of this Country; and be fully convinced, that the *Island* of Great-Britain, (which owes a Debt exceeding Sum of 140 Millions Sterling) never can feel the Loss of the Trade of this *Continent*; and that she is therefore perfectly right in pursuing her present Measures, to all extent Taxes, Penalties and Treasure most *religiously* assert.

We have the Honourable Continental Congress have appointed JOHN MORGAN, M. D. F. R. S. of Philadelphia, Director of the Hospital and Physician to the American Army.

Near all the People belonging to Cape-Ann have evacuated the Town, and have proceeded so far in removing their Effects, as to take away the Glass Windows from the Meeting-House and many of the Dwelling Houses. Lieut. Col. Mason of the Artillery, has been down to give Directions in fortifying the Harbour, where two Batteries are already erected, and other Measures taken for giving the Enemy a proper Reception.

We hear that Mr. Samuel Hooper, of this Town, had a Child baptized in Paris, by the Rev. Dr. Mather, by the Name of SAMUEL ADAMS. (5)

Last Sabbath was baptized, by the Rev. Mr. French, at Andover, a Child of Nathaniel Appleton, Esq; by the Name of GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The same Day a Sergeant deserted from the Enemy at Bunker-Hill. He informs of nothing material.

No Accounts have been received from Canada since our last. (6)

TAKEN up by Aaron Hill of Cambridge, a black Horse, about 15 Hands high, no Shoes on his hind Feet, supposed to be 6 or 7 Years old. The Owner may have him again by applying to AARON HILL and paying Charges.

*Cambridge, October 27, 1775.*

STRAYED or stolen from a Pasture in Cambridge, a black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, branded with the Letter M on her left Thigh, about 13 Hands high four Years old, a natural Pacer. Whoever will convey said Mare to me the Subscriber in Fort Number 1. Col. Scammon's Regiment, or to Mr. Walter Powers in Sanford, shall have Two Dollars Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by me, JOHN FOWERS.

(1) See index under Troops, British.

(2) See index under Men of War.

See index under Army of the United States.

See index under Congress Continental.

See index under Post Office.

(3) See index under Council.

See pa. 549, 554.

(4) See Account of the refugees pa. 679, 828.

(5) See pa. 825.

(6) See list of Gentlemen pa. 971.

(7) See pa. 817.

(8) pa. 826, 839.

See index under Towns, County, Assembly, Representatives, Congress Continental, & Provincial, resolves, rising of the Country, Army of the United Colonies (7) see pa. 817. see National debt pa. 79, vol. 2

PHILADELPHIA, October 17.

*Extract of a letter from London, July 29.*

"As in all probability the means of communication between us will soon be stop't, I am constrained to write even when I have nothing of importance to communicate. We have at length got an account from government of the battle of the 17th of June, for which, garbled as it is, we are indebted to the ingenuity of some, who, suspecting that they had been in possession of the news some days, sat down and wrote an account of a battle such as they thought likely to be fought, and sent it to the papers, which was published the next morning. As it detested the Regulars with great slaughter; and as it was wrote with great semblance of truth, it threw Administration into confusion. They huddled up an account immediately, and sent it to the Gazette, which in course was to be published about 3 o'clock that evening; but by the time the impression was thrown off, they found themselves so much dissatisfied even with the account of their own making, that they sent and had it destroyed, and prepared that which they have now given out, by which means the town was kept waiting till two o'clock in the morning, before the Gazette was published. This account, favourable as it no doubt is, compared with the truth (for we as yet have had none from the Provincials) has had a wonderful effect. The minds of people on the side of government, even of those that were most sanguine, begin to be soured. In the mean time, your provincials have gained immortal honour. I should have told you, that it has been advised to order General Gage to relinquish Boston, after burning it, and to fortify himself on Rhode-Island, whence, by means of his ships and men, to make descents upon your coast, laying waste where you are least prepared to oppose him. God give you wisdom, fortitude and success."

*The following is the Account of the supposed Battle mentioned in the above Extract of a Letter.*

LONDON, *August 5.*

To the Printer of the PUBLIC LEDGER.

SIR,

"I AM this minute returned from on board the Yfrow Christiana, Capt. Vander Spiegel, who has put in at Portsmouth in distress. The Captain informs me, that July 3, he fell in with a schooner from Salem, bound to the Southward, from the master of which he had the following particulars relative to the state of affairs upon the continent of America. After the King's army became masters of the eminence below Bunker's Hill, General Gage marched the chief of his force thither, and threw up strong intrenchments. A fortnight passed without any thing being done worth relating, except the holding of frequent Council of War, in which they could come to no resolution, the chief officers disagreeing among themselves, and even descending to invective and personal altercation.

"While things were going on thus on this side, General Washington, with the grand provincial army, was arrived within a day's march of the royal camp. It consisted of 22,000 foot; 5000 Philadelphian light horse, commanded by Charles Lee; a body of 2500, filled the American rifle men; and a considerable train of artillery, served by Germans. (1)

"June 30, the two armies were in sight of each other, and Washington sent to General Gage a particular account of his force, earnestly beseeching him not to bring destruction on himself, and the men under his command, by an ill-timed obstinacy, but to agree to the following conditions, viz.

"To deliver the town of Boston into his hands.

"To suffer such of his soldiers as were willing to enter into the American service. (1)

"To retire with the rest peaceably on board the King's ships.

"He allowed the King's General till the next day at four o'clock to consider of this.

"As soon as the purport of this message was known in the royal army, Five Hundred private men and Twelve Officers deserted to the enemy, and the rest declared that nothing should oblige them to fight but the mere preservation of their lives. Among the Chiefs, some were for capitulating, one for fighting, but most for an immediate retreat, either on board the ships, or into the town. However, nothing was concluded upon till July the 2d. About six in the morning the rebel army was in motion, and began a severe cannonading at three quarters of a mile distance; this was answered by the royalists, who seemed to have the advantage, and made a great slaughter among the Philadelphian horse. (1)

"The Americans were put into some confusion, but they soon recovered and advanced close up to the intrenchments with the main body of their army; they forced them with the loss of 200 men, and cut to pieces above 3500 of the King's troops: General Gage's army now gave way on all sides, and himself, with about 500 men, had the luck to get into Boston. Of the remainder, great numbers were killed in the pursuit, some got on board the ships, and others laid down their arms.

"As soon as the action was over, General Gage sent to the conquerors to make the best terms he could for himself, and the few that were with him."

I send you these particulars in great haste, but to-morrow you will have fuller accounts. I am, SIR,

*Gravesend, Tues. 2 o'clock.* False Your most humble servant, ROBERT MERROP.

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## SILENT WILDE,

News-Carrier to Deerfield, &c.

BEGS Leave to inform his Customers, that the Time of his last Engagement ends on the 9th Day of November next, when he carries his hopes for punctual Payment, at the usual Places of receiving their Papers. He likewise earnestly desires those to give publick Notice, that he proposes, on suitable Encouragement, to ride weekly, his usual Road for the Term of six Months next ensuing, the said 9th Day of November, and to supply each Subscriber with one of the public News-Papers, at One Dollar each, provided each Subscriber shall, at the beginning of the said six Months, pay the one Half of said Dollar.

He would likewise take this Opportunity to call upon those who are in Arrears with him for past Services, kindly to consider that he stands in great Need of what is due to him.

*Stockbridge, October 16, 1775.*

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To be sold cheap for Cash,

By JAMES GRAY,

At his Store in MEDFORD, next Door to Doctor Tufts's,

A Variety of English Goods, suitable for the Season:---Also a Quantity of choice Leather Breeches---Likewise good West-India Rum, by the Hogshead or smaller Quantity, and brown Sugar by the Barrel or smaller Quantity.

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ON Monday, the 16th of October, a Soldier came into my Shop for a Hat which was dressed; he offered a Four Shilling Bill for my Negro, I being absent. The Negro went to my Neighbour to get it changed; a Woman, thro' Mistake, took the Bill for Thirty Shillings, and gave Change accordingly. The Man paid for his Hat, which had a wide black ribb'd Ribband, with a large Rose before, and went away. I have endeavoured since to find him; but not knowing what Regiment he belongs to, cannot. He had on a short blue Coat, faced with Crimson, and 4 Pair of ragged Trowsers, wore short Hair; his Chin was sore, and bound up with a Handkerchief. As he has not Honesty enough to rectify the Mistake, I shall be very much obliged to any of the Gentlemen Officers of the several Regiments, who may read this Advertisement, if they will endeavour to discover him to me. A handsome Reward shall likewise be given.

LEVI JENNINGS.

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To be SOLD,

By CALEB DAVIS,

Near the Meeting-House in DEDHAM,

A few Barrels of Sea-Cow OIL, supposed to be very good for Leather-Dressers, Curriers, or Lamps.

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TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man, named PETER LONG, about 25 Years of Age, talks good English, about six Feet high; had on when he went away a light-coloured homespun Coat, knit Jacket, and dark-brown Breeches. Whoever will take up said Negro, and confine him in any of his Majesty's Goals, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and all necessary Charges paid, by

*Rye, Oct. 16, 1775.* MERIFIELD BERRY.

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STRAYED or stolen from the Camp on Winter-Hill, on the 10th Instant, a black HORSE, about 4 Years old, 14 Hands high, paces and trots well, but rather inclines to pace, no Mark remarkable only a Bunch on his Back, occasioned by a bad Saddle. Whoever will take up said Horse, and return him to Dr. Andrew Putnam, of Danvers, or to me the Subscriber, in the 29th Regiment of Foot, commanded by Israel Hutchinson, Esq; shall have One Dollar Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by me, JEREMIAH PUTNAM.

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Run away from me the Subscriber, of Exeter, Hatter, on Monday Evening the 16th of October, an apprentice Boy, named Simeon Haines, 17 Years of Age, and five Feet high; he wore black Hair, cut short; had on a felt Hat, a blue broad-cloth outside round Jacket, lined with red Baize, an under striped Waistcoat, leather Breeches, and gray Stockings. He carried with him one fustian Coat and Waistcoat, one Pair of black yarn Stockings, and one linen Shirt of his Master's. Said Apprentice hath lost his right Eye, and is something slim. Whoever will take up said Apprentice, and convey him to his said Master, shall receive Six Pence as a Reward, and all necessary Charges shall be paid by me, JOHN DEAN.

*Exeter, October 16, 1775.*

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Taken up in Cambridge, by *Noah Bowman*, a Heifer, three Years old, with a Calf, judged to be about two Months old. The Owner may have them, paying the Charge.

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STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, about seven or eight Weeks ago, a chestnut-coloured or dark bay Mare, about thirteen Hands and an half high, about seven Years old, a natural Trotter, not any white Spots about her, branded on the near Shoulder I, and on the near Buttock K, a well set Creature, in good Order when she strayed away.---Whoever takes up said Mare, and brings her to the Subscriber, now in Colonel Thompson's Battalion of Rifle-Men, or to Mr. Caldwell, Tavern-keeper, opposite the Blue Anchor in Cambridge, shall receive the Sum of Eighteen Shillings, lawful Money, Reward, and reasonable Charges paid, by me, JACOB GRAEF.

*October 21, 1775.*

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*Essex*, ss. THE Public are hereby notified that a Court of Probate of Wills, &c. *October 14, 1775.* is intended to be held at the Register's Office in Ipswich, in and for the County aforesaid, on the first Monday and Tuesday in November next, and on the same Days in each succeeding Month, until public Notice is given to the contrary.

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To be SOLD by GEORGE WILLIAMS,

At his Store in SALEM,

Good SUGAR and COCOA.

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To be Sold by MARY GRAY,

A young Negro Woman, for no Fault, and has had the Small-Pox. Inquire at Capt. John Homes's at Dorchester.

---

STRAYED or stolen, from the Camp at Roxbury, in the Night, preceeding the 24th Instant, a bay Horse, five Years old, about 14 Hands high, near hind Foot white, Star in his Forehead, Mane hangs on the near Side, trots and paces, not shod behind, when he went away. Whoever takes up said Horse, and will return him to TIMOTHY HOAR, of Concord, the Owner, or to OTIS WHIPPLE, in Roxbury, shall be handsomely rewarded.

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STRAYED from Mr. William Cutler's Pasture in Cambridge, on Saturday the 20th Instant, a sorrel Horse, with a flaxen Mane and Tail, a white Face, and high Hip Bones, trots large, and paces some. Whoever will take up said Horse, and return him to Capt. Samuel Williams of Salem, or to the said Mr. William Cutler in Cambridge, shall have Two Dollars Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by either of them.

*New-Town, Province of New-York, October 10, 1775.*

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RAN away from me, in April last, an Apprentice Lad, named JOHN GILLEY; had on when he went away, a spotted Jacket without Sleeves, a woollen Shirt, and tow Trowsers, about four Feet and an half high, has a Scar on one Cheek. Whoever will take up said Apprentice and convey him to Mr. Eaale Ironbolder in Paxton, to Mr. Jones, Ironbolder in Marlton, or to me in New-Town, shall receive Five Dollars Reward, and necessary Charges paid by SAMUEL ROBINSON.

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THREE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or stolen out of a Pasture, near General Heath's Head Quarters in Cambridge Camp, on the 6th Inst. a chestnut colour'd Mare, about 8 Years old, trots and paces well fat, and in good Flesh, about 13 and half Hands high, and low Carriage, some white in her Face and on the End of her Nose, and some white on her hind Feet, a saddle Spot on her Back, her Main and Tail darker than her Body, her Tail bushy, and not long. Any Person that will take up said Mare, and return her to me the Subscriber, at Fort No. 2 in Cambridge, or give Information where she may be had, shall have the above Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by me. JOHN BOYD.

---

TAKEN up in Waltham, last Wednesday, a red roan Mare, about 6 Years old, 13 or 14 Hands high, a Blaze in her Forehead, her two off Feet are white, has a long Tail and Mane, trots and paces chiefly. Whoever has lost said Mare, may have her again, by applying to JONAS DEAN, in said Waltham, and paying Charges.

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FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, about the 25th of August, a bay Mare, six or seven Years old, about 14 Hands high, with some white on her Face, black Mane and Tail, with a List along her Back, paces and trots, her Tail cut square off. Any Person that will bring said Mare to me the Subscriber, in Col. John Patterson's Regiment, at Fort No. 3, shall have the above Reward, and necessary Charges paid by me,

THOMAS M'KINSTRY.

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To be SOLD cheap for Cash,

A Quantity of DEER-SKINS.

Most of them are dressed into wash Leather. Inquire of

ELIAS HASKET DERBY, of *Salem*.

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Strayed or stolen, last Saturda from a Pasture near the College, a middling-sized HORSE, 10 Years old, his Colour almost black, with no White about except a few small Spots of White under the Saddle, two of which Spots are within an Inch or two of the Top of his B one or both of his hind Legs appear to be not quite so straight common; he both trots and paces, but chiefly inclines to p has a hard Mouth, and a very stiff Back. Whoever will kind as to give Intelligence, at the Printing-Office in Cambr where he may be found, shall have Two Dollars Reward, an necessary Charges paid. Cambridge, October 18, 177

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To be SOLD,

By WILLIAM THOMPSO

At his Shop in DORCHESTER, on the Road from Roxbu Watertown, about a Quarter of a Mile from the Sign Punch-Bowl;

BAR-IRON, Steel, fine and coarse S Cocoa by the Cask or Bag, Chocolate by the Box or less, by the Bag or less, Rice, Flour, loaf and brown Sugar, India and New-England Rum, excellent Nantz Brandy, M by the Cask or less, choice Tenerife Wine by the Cask or G Malaga, Claret and Frontinac Wines, Bilbgerre, Raisins, A Pepper, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, BEST FINE POST PER, AMERICAN CAKE INK, Ink Powder, Wafers, SPANISH INDIGO, Chalk, Alum, Logwood, Redwood, white Threads, knit Breeches Patterns, Cotton Velvet, Shapes, sewing Twine, Iron Wire, Files, Rasps, table and Knives, Pipes, Locks, Buckles, Buttons, Brads, Tacks, Gim Awls, Essex Beer Corks, Bed Cords, Shingle Nails, W Cloth, Shoe Whalebone, Horse-Whips, Combs, Ink-Pots, Buttons, &c. &c.

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To be SOLD cheap,

A new, genteel, full-back CHAI Property of Mr. JONATHAN FROTHINGHAM of Sale and Pleasant hereof.

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*Frederick County, Maryland, 26th September,*

EIGHTY DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE out of Goal in Night, DAVID ALSPAUGH in Germany, speaks good English, about 40 Years 5 Feet 8 Inches high, with black Hair tied behind, blue black plush Waistcoat and Breeches, black Stockings, Watch in his Pocket; affects to be genteel. He will either go to Canada, or join the Forces here, till he an Opportunity to go over to the Enemy. Whoever wil said Alspaugh in any of his Majesty's Goals, and give Infor me the Subscriber, shall receive the above Reward of 5. THO's FRENCH, Sh

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ENOCH GREENLEA

ADVERTISES all who are indebted to the Com AMORY and GREENLEAF, that he now r Hollis in the County of Hillsborough and Province o Hampshire, to whom they are desired to apply and pay t spective Balances.

N. B. Said Greenleaf has for Sale New-England an India Rum, Sugars, with sundry Articles of West-I English Goods, Some Brastery Ware, and choice Firki per Dozen or smaller Quantity. (tf.)

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READY Cash for Hog's BRIST by CORNELIUS COOPER, Brush-Maker, on Side of the Great Bridge, Providence, who makes and Sorts of BRUSHES, Wholesale and Retail. He h Farmers and others, who have any Hogs to kill this Fall, careful in saving their Bristles, that he may be enabled to his Business. As he is the first he hopes to meet with En ment from the Public in general; he likewise makes Spit Blacking Ball, for Shoes and Boots, well calculated to the Leather, and give a good Gloss.

N. B. He wants a smart active Lad, as an Apprentice.

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STRAYED or stolen from Cambrid gelding House, of a russet Colour, with a Sore on the hi of his Back, about 12 or 14 Years old, no Shoes on his h Whoever will bring said Horse to MICHAEL APPL Mrs. Nutting's in Cambridge, shall be handsomely rewa all Charges paid.

*Cambridge, October 21, 1775.*

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STRAYED from me the Subscrib General Putnam's Regiment, a sorrel Mare, 4 Years o 14 Hands high, trots and paces, with a Star in her Fore a long Tail and Foretop. Whoever will return said Ma the Subscriber, shall have one Dollar Reward, and all Charges paid by me. JOHN CRO

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STRAYED or stolen from Roxbur longing to William Potter of Cranston, in the County dence, Rhode-Island, a sorrel Mare, 7 Years old, all white, a large white Face, with a red Star in her Fore Whoever hath got said Mare, and will convey her to Co at Providence, or Lieut. Holden at Prospect Hill, in Col. Regiment, shall have four Dollars Reward, and all Charges paid by said Holden, if carried to said Camp; evidence, by said Dexter.

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STRAYED from the Subscriber in R ry, the 5th of October, a black Horse, about 14 Hand Years old, had a Scar under his left Eye. Whoever wil said Horse, and return him to me the Subscriber at Rox Col. Huntington's Regiment, or to Lieut. Thomas Tess tenary, in Connecticut, shall have one Dollar Reward necessary Charges paid by me. ELEAZER H

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STRAYED or stolen from Winter- chestnut colour'd Mare, with a white Spot in her Fore slim Neck, trots and paces well, six Years old past. takes up or will bring said Mare to Capt. Josiah Cro Jonas Reed's Regiment on Winter-Hill, or to Joseph Amherst, in the County of Hillsborough, shall have t Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by JOHN

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*Newton Falls, October 17,*

THE Shop of the Subscriber was open in the Night of the 15th Instant, and th Pieces of homespun Cloth stolen, viz. One Piece cl 8 Yards, Men's Wear; one Piece of cloth colour'd Men's Wear; one Piece of mixt colour'd, seven Yards, Men's Wear; one Piece of dark blue, the Yards unknown, Men's Wear; three Pieces for Women's Wear, one of them brown, 20 and half Yards; another Piece 5 Yards; the other Piece striped, 5 and half Yards. Whoever shall take up the Thief, so that he may be brought to Justice, and the Cloth recovered, shall have six Dollars Reward, and all necessary Charges paid. JOHN SLACK.

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TAKEN up near Winnisimit Ferry, a Pocket-Book, with some Money and Accounts. The Owner may have the same paying Charges, by applying to PAUL DUDLEY at Chelsea.

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X See Account of the Battle pa. 754, & pa. 817. (1) See index, under Army of the United Colonies.
V See indexes, under Army British. & Troops of Boston. ◊ See indexes, under Troops, British. ‡ See indexes, under Men of